

METAPHORS IN (E)MOTIONS: THE CASE OF ITALIAN SIGN LANGUAGE



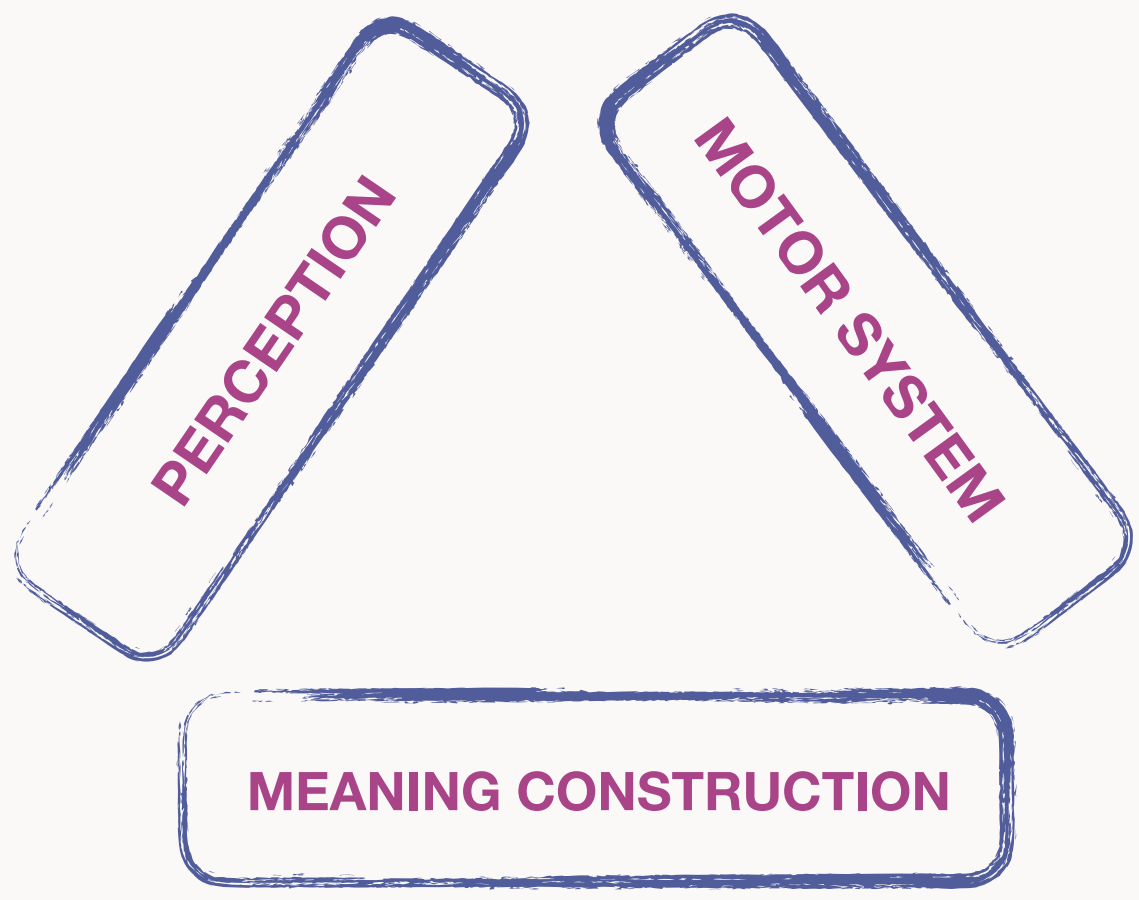
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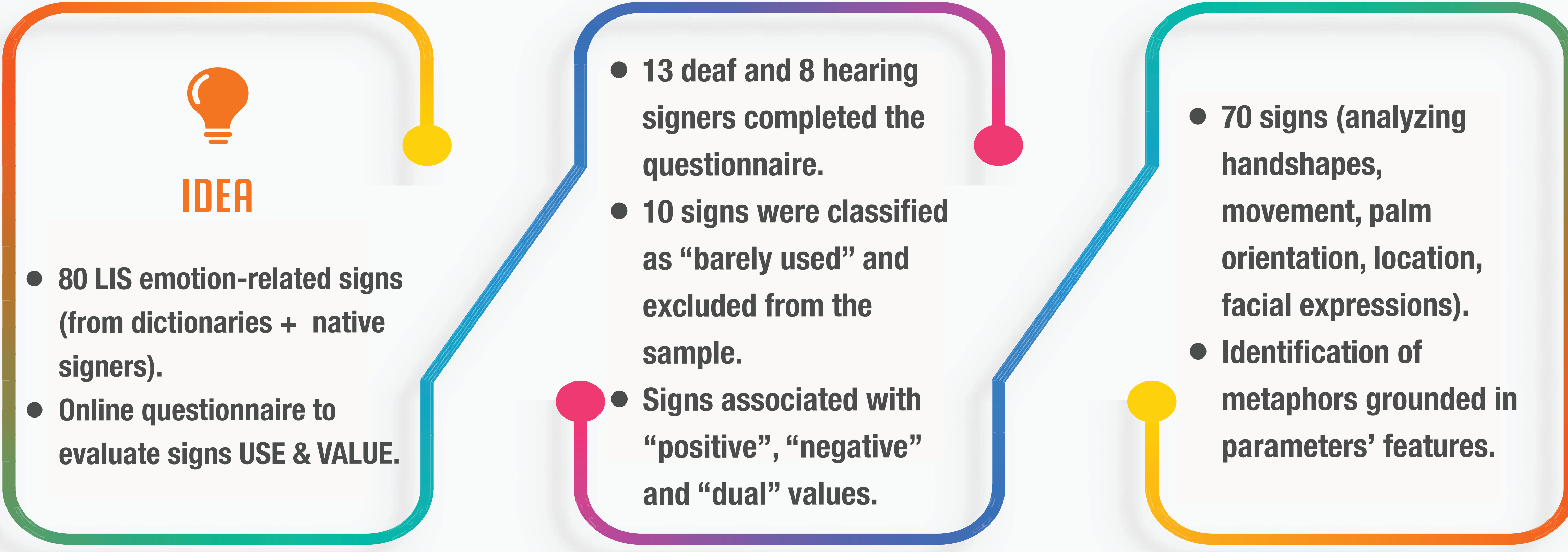
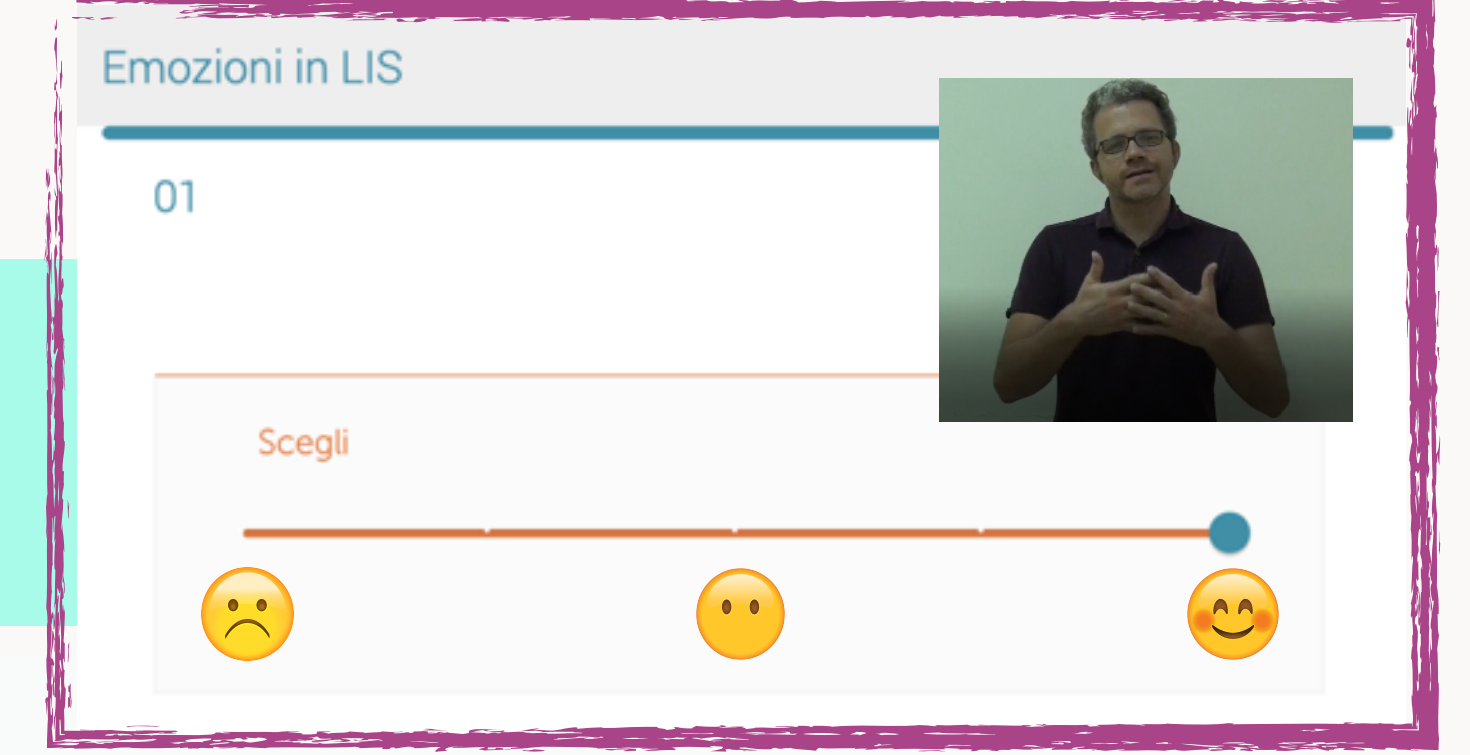


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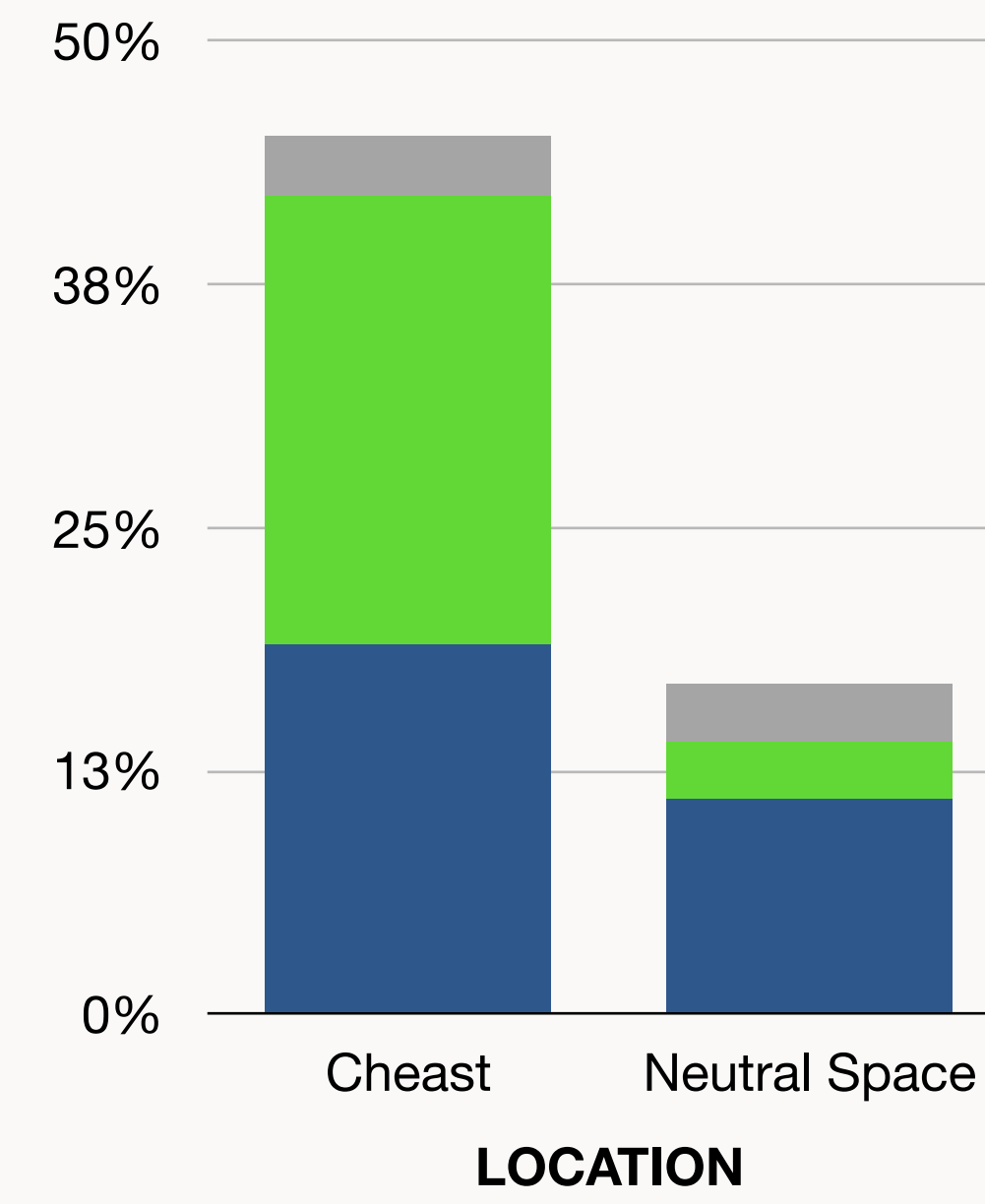
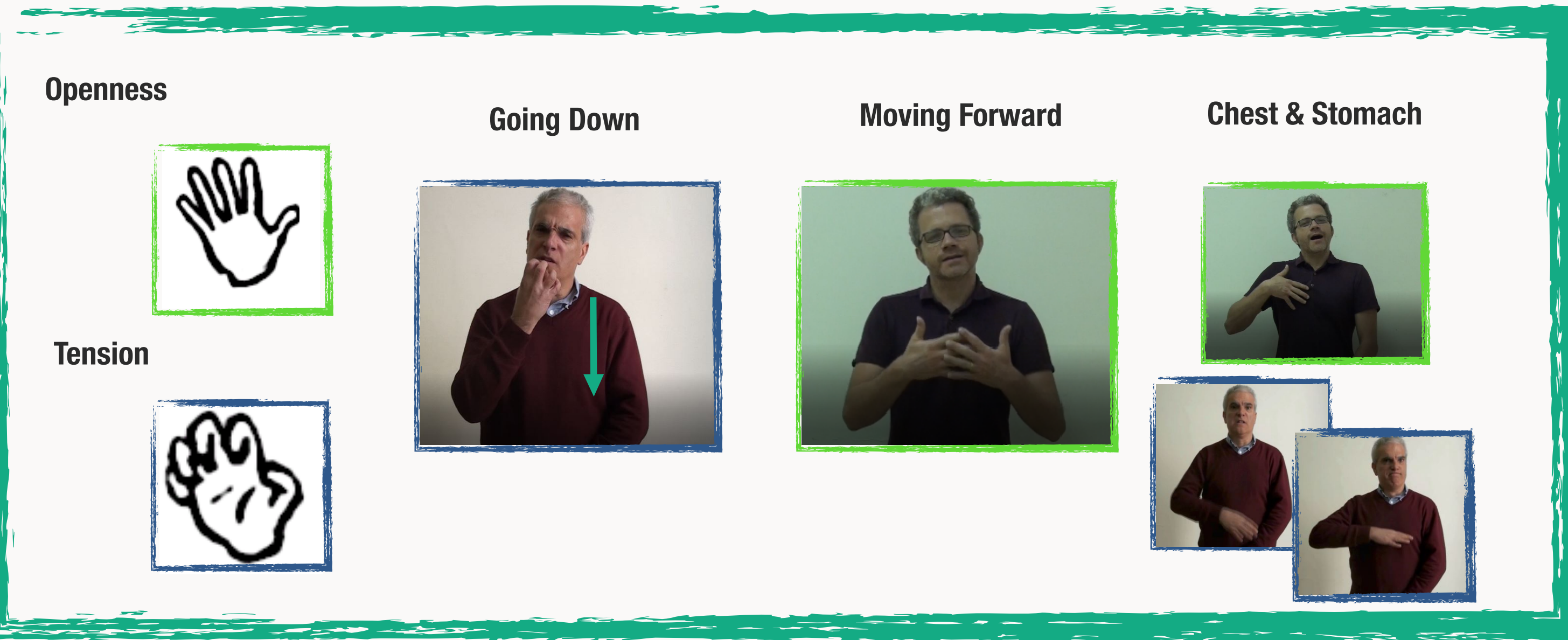
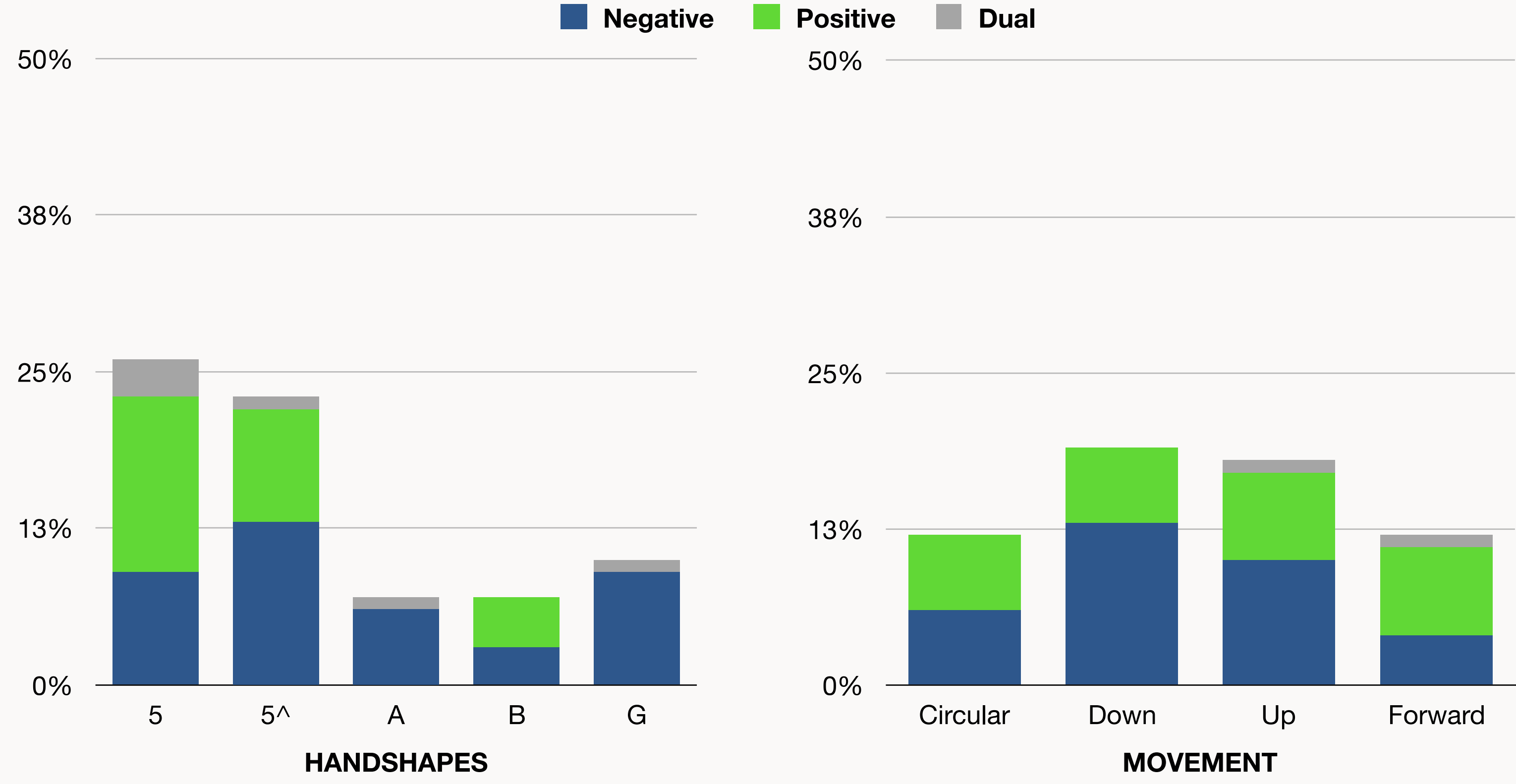
- Sign languages are a special window in exploring the route from perception to concept construction, as they allow to visualize linguistic embodiment of perceptual experiences.
- Iconicity shows congruence of semantic and phonological structures, revealing a common conceptual space grounded in cognitive abilities of language users and connected to their worldly perception and interaction.
- Studies highlight the presence of visual metaphors in signs supporting the importance of embodiment and perception of the surrounding world in the construction of meanings.

AIM: TO INVESTIGATE LINGUISTIC REPRESENTATIONS OF EMOTIONS IN ITALIAN SIGN LANGUAGE (LIS) FOCUSING ON VISUAL METAPHORS SUBSUMED AT THE SUBLEXICAL LEVEL.

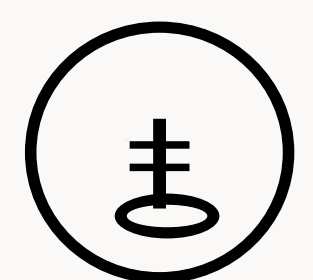
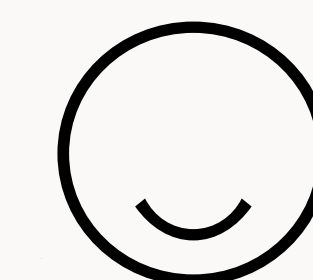


results

- Findings highlight a series of parameters dedicated to specific emotion types.
- Metaphors linked these parameters to specific and diverse semantic areas (e.g., downward movement as a spatial metaphor for negative emotions).



- Nose Wrinkler in signs for negative emotions.
- Lip Corner Puller in signs for positive emotions.



FACIAL EXPRESSION

conclusions

Identified visual metaphors reveal the importance of the body in world perception and in the process of building meaning. Improvements in cognitive approaches to language may need to pass through an investigation of the tight metaphorical relation between form and meaning in emotion-related lexicon.

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